12

PCT/IB2005/050848

CLAIMS:

WO 2005/088544

1. A method of artifact correction in a data set of an object of interest, the method comprising the step of: reconstructing an image of the object of interest on the basis of the data set; wherein a statistical weighing is performed during reconstruction of the image.

5

- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the data set is a projection data set acquired by means of a source of electromagnetic radiation generating a beam and by means of a radiation detector detecting the beam.
- The method according to claim 2, wherein the source of electromagnetic radiation is a polychromatic x-ray source; wherein the source moves along a helical path around the object of interest; and wherein the beam has one of a cone beam geometry and a fan beam geometry.
- 15 4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the reconstruction of the image is performed on the basis of an iterative algorithm comprising a plurality of update steps until an end criterion has been fulfilled.
- 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein the iterative algorithm is a maximum likelihood algorithm; wherein the reconstructed image has the highest likelihood; and wherein the weighing is performed in each update step of the plurality of update steps.
- 6. The method according to claim 2, further comprising the step of:
  25 determining a number of detected photons during acquisition of the data set; wherein the weighing is based on a statistical error of the number of detected photons.

WO 2005/088544 PCT/IB2005/050848

13

7. The method according to claim 5, further comprising the step of: determining a number of detected photons  $Y_i$  during acquisition of the data set; wherein the weighing is based on a statistical error  $\sigma_{\gamma_i}$  of the number of detected photons  $Y_i$ ; wherein an update of an attenuation parameter  $\mu_j^{n+1}$  is calculated from the attenuation

$$\mu_{j}^{n+1} = \mu_{j}^{n} + \mu_{j}^{n} \frac{\sum_{i} l_{ij} \frac{\sum_{i} l_{ij} \left[ d_{i} e^{-\langle l_{i}, \mu^{n} \rangle} - Y_{i} \right] / \sigma_{Y_{i}}^{2}}{\sum_{i} l_{ij} / \sigma_{Y_{i}}^{2}}}{\sum_{i} l_{ij} < l_{i}, \mu^{n} > d_{i} e^{-\langle l_{i}, \mu^{n} \rangle}}$$

- wherein  $d_i$  is a number of photons emitted by the source of radiation; wherein  $l_{ij}$  is a basis function of an i-th projection; wherein  $l_i$  is a vector of basis functions  $l_{ij}$  of the i-th projection; and wherein  $\langle l_i, \mu \rangle = \sum_j l_{ij} \mu_j$  is an inner product.
- 15 8. The method according to claim 2, wherein the reconstruction of the image is based on a sub-set of at least two projections of all acquired projections of the projection data set.
- 9. A data processing device, comprising: a memory for storing a data set of an object of interest; a data processor for performing artifact correction in the data set of the object of interest, wherein the data processor is adapted for performing the following operation: loading the data set; reconstructing an image of the object of interest on the basis of the data set; wherein a statistical weighing is performed during reconstruction of the image.

25

parameter μ<sub>i</sub><sup>n</sup> by

10. The data processing device according to claim 9, wherein the reconstruction of the image is performed on the basis of an iterative algorithm comprising a plurality of update steps until an end criterion has been fulfilled; wherein

WO 2005/088544 PCT/IB2005/050848

14

the iterative algorithm is a maximum likelihood algorithm; wherein the reconstructed image has the highest likelihood; and wherein the weighing is performed in each update step of the plurality of update steps.

- A CT scanner system, comprising: a memory for storing a data set of an object of interest; a data processor for performing artifact correction in the data set of the object of interest, wherein the data processor is adapted for performing the following operation: loading the data set; reconstructing an image of the object of interest on the basis of the data set; wherein a statistical weighing is performed during reconstruction of the image.
- 12. A computer program for performing artifact correction in a data set of an object of interest, wherein the computer program causes a processor to perform the following operation when the computer program is executed on the processor: loading the data set; reconstructing an image of the object of interest on the basis of the data set; wherein a statistical weighing is performed during reconstruction of the image.